

Opportunity Neighborhoods:

Building the Foundation for Economic Mobility in America's Metros

Webinar

March 1, 2018

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Strategies



Every family deserves to live in a neighborhood that supports its well-being and boosts its children's chances to thrive.

Unequal Landscape of Opportunity

Chances of moving from bottom 20% as children to top 20% as adults





Neighborhood disparities didn't happen by accident

A History of Segregation

Racially discriminatory market practices and exclusionary land-use policies have blocked low-income families and people of color









Focusing on Place

Beginning with the settlement houses of the late 19th century, practitioners and policymakers have worked to tackle the challenges of concentrated poverty through evolving "place-based" strategies.





Place-Conscious Strategies

Invest in Distressed Communities



Place-Conscious Strategies

Preserve affordability & prevent displacement

Invest in Distressed Communities



Place-Conscious Strategies

Preserve affordability & prevent displacement

Invest in Distressed Communities Expand neighborhood choice



Opportunity Neighborhoods Proposal

In a handful of metro regions

- Engage residents across the region
- Use data-driven, participatory planning
- Develop & implement "Opportunity Neighborhoods" plans



Building Blocks of Opportunity Neighborhoods





What would success look like?

Every family should be able to live in a neighborhood that supports its well-being and boosts its children's chances to thrive.

Neighborhood Opportunity Score

- Create a neighborhood score based on safety & just policing, quality schools, affordable housing, health-promoting environments, access to financial services, access to jobs, access to recreational & cultural facilities
- More neighborhoods score "high"
- More low-income people and people of color live in high scoring neighborhoods



Lessons from doing place-conscious work at the ground level

Example of Place-Conscious Work

Ethnicity	2011–12	2016–17	Difference	Percent Difference
African American	134,064	67,945	-66,119	-49.3%
American Indian or Alaska Native	9,212	4,425	-4,787	-52.0%
Asian	14,319	8,196	-6,123	-42.8%
Filipino	5,932	2,974	-2,958	-49.9%
Hispanic or Latino	379,686	203,024	-176,662	-46.5%
Pacific Islander	4,817	2,326	-2,491	-51.7%
White	143,818	76,838	-66,980	-46.6%
Two or More Races	13,801	13,415	-386	-2.8%
Not Reported	4,053	2,702	-1,351	-33.3%
Statewide Total	709,702	381,845	-327,857	-46.2%

Table 1: Total Suspension Counts by Ethnicity



Example of Place-Conscious Work

TOM



State Schools Chief Tom Torlakson Announces Fifth Year in a Row of Declining Student Suspensions and Expulsions

SACRAMENTO-State Superintendent of Public Instruction Tom Torlakson today announced that the number suspended and expelled in California public schools has declined for the fifth year in a row, showing that effort educators to improve attendance by using more engaging instruction and effective discipline are making signif progress.

From the 2011-12 school year to 2016-17, suspensions declined by a remarkable 46 percent, meaning there year to 2016-17 suspensions declined by a remarkable school year to 2016-17. fewer suspensions in 2016-17 than in 2011-12. (See Table 1).

Similarly, expulsions decreased by 42 percent, dropping from about 9,800 to 5,700, a difference of about 4,100 (See Table 3).

The figures come from data collected by the California Department of Education (CDE) and are the most detail comprehensive statistics in the nation. The data, which covers both 2015-16 and 2016-17, provides detailed in includes suspension rates of numerous student groups, including males, females, Latinos, whites, African-Am and the second

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Problems



Fresno Unified teachers, trustees demand stricter discipline in schools

Los Angeles Times

When California schools call cops for small infraction it disproportionately hurts minority students, civil rights study find



Los Angeles Times

Black preschool kids get suspended much more frequently than white preschool kids, U.S. survey says

takepart

Suspending Teens Ruins Lives and Costs Taxpayers \$35 Billion a Year



Victories

The Fresno Bee Schools Not Prisons' tour aims to curb school discipline, incarceration

Ehe New York Eimes Courses in Manhood for African-American Boys

THE SACRAMENTO BEE

Schools use alternatives to suspension, see student behavior improve

Bakersfield.com

Suspension, expulsion rate in Kern County schools decreases



5 ways to end the school to prison pipeline







Fresno, CA

Fresno students met with The California Endowment board



"Harsh, targeted school discipline policies and practices are getting in the way of our education."



Place-Conscious Practice

- Restore well-being and opportunity to distressed communities
- Opportunity barriers across multiple systems.

(health, education, housing, employment, transportation)

• Social determinants approach looks for *root causes*.



Root Causes

- Power and autonomy: Power imbalance between groups.
- Being valued in Community: An exclusionary narrative that devalues and dehumanizes certain populations.
- As a result, key opportunity structures (systems) are insufficiently accessible and accountable to many of the constituents that they were designed to serve.



Core Principles

- Enlist the participation of those populations that are most impacted by the inequity
- Build power
- Change the narrative
- Break down silos





Place "Conscious" Design



Q&A



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